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RENEWABLES ACCELERATOR

FEDERAL FUNDING LEARNING SERIES PART 6

**HOW YOU CAN *AFFORD* TO ADVANCE CLIMATE
ACTION AND STRATEGICALLY PLAN FOR
FEDERAL FUNDING AND INCENTIVES**

November 15, 2023

Introductions



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Today's Agenda

- 
- 1 Welcome
 - 2 Funding Tool & Funding Guidance Update
 - 3 Spotlight on Near-Term Federal Opportunities
 - 4 Practical Guidance for Direct Pay
 - 5 Q&A

Funding Tool & Funding Guidance Updates: Introducing “AFFORD”

Maximize your potential for impact by using limited capacity and energy to pursue resources where they're needed most



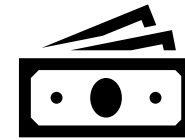
Goals



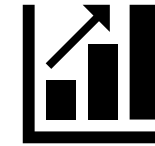
Time



Capacity



Resources



Potential for Impact

Bottom Line: Our goals, time, and capacity have not changed significantly, but resources available to local governments, businesses and non-profit organizations have increased a lot.

The **AFFORD** tool, *America's Federal Funding Opportunities and Resources for Decarbonization*, can accelerate state and local decarbonization efforts

Primary Use Cases:

- **Identify and compare** federal funding opportunities for specific local projects
- Assist non-profit entities and their partners **strategically prioritize** applications
- **Align funding sources with overarching decarbonization and equity considerations** to advance climate action, sustainability, and resilience plans

Secondary Use Cases:

- **Increase alignment and awareness** between climate, energy, and resiliency officers of federal funding opportunities and planning/grants officers (or consultants)
- Embrace federal efforts to **centralize climate change, environmental justice, and equity in new projects**

Built upon FFOLD, **AFFORD** is packed with more IRA incentives and tailored for local governments AND a broader audience

The tool has **80** new program additions

- This includes **24** tax credits and deductions

The range of eligible applicant types has been expanded to include:

- Municipal utility/co-op
- Cultural institution/faith group (tax-exempt)
- Health care institution (tax-exempt)
- University/college (tax-exempt)

The complimentary “Funding Guidance” has the following new or improved sections:

- Prepare for grant applications
- What to expect when you are expecting (to apply)
- Stacking & leveraging resources
- Prevailing wage and apprenticeship requirements

AFFORD's new introduction page is designed to provide a more user-friendly experience, making navigation easier and more intuitive for those experienced and new to federal funding



Navigating hundreds of federal funding opportunities can be overwhelming. Our funding tool, America's Federal Funding Opportunities and Resources for Decarbonization (AFFORD), is designed to help you identify, compare, and prioritize federal funding, tax credits, and other incentives. This tool is primarily intended to streamline public, non-profit, and community efforts to increase understanding of eligible funding and incentives that are relevant to your project, goals, and community.

To get started, complete the 4 questions below so we can help you find the programs most relevant to you.

Let's explore!

[Skip Questions & Go Directly to the Tool](#)

1/4 Are you new to applying for federal funding?

Yes

Welcome! Before you explore this tool, we recommend you check out our [Funding Guidance](#) to learn about funding basics and related strategies.

2/4 Tell us about yourself.

Local Government

Thanks! What types of Local Government projects are you interested in?

3/4 Select one or more project types.

- Brightfields
- Building Efficiency Retrofits
- Building Electrification
- Building Weatherization
- Carbon Capture & Storage (CCS)
- Clean Fuels
- Clean Manufacturing & Supply Chain
- Community Resiliency
- Disaster Recovery
- Electric Grid Upgrades
- Electric Vehicles/Charging Equipment
- Energy Storage
- Environmental Justice
- Nature-Based Solutions
- Public Transit
- Renewable Energy
- Retaining & Building Capacity
- Smart Growth
- Workforce Development

4/4 Finally, what types of funding are you interested in?

- Grant - Competitive/Discretionary
- Grant - Formula/Block
- Loan
- Revolving Loan
- Technical Assistance
- Tax Credits/Deductions
- Other Incentive

Continue to Tool

248 funding opportunities are overwhelming, but AFFORD offers streamlined and enhanced filters, a new search bar, and a sorting function to help you quickly focus on what is most relevant to you

The screenshot shows the AFFORD search interface with the following elements:

- Buttons:** "Download Results (Excel)" and "Reset" (circled in red).
- Search Bar:** "Search by keyword" (circled in red).
- Filters:**
 - APPLICANT TYPE:** Local Government (62)
 - PROJECT TYPE:** Building Electrification (25), Building Weatherization (29), Workforce Development (39)
 - PROJECT PHASES:** -
 - FUNDING TYPE:** Grant - Competitive/Discretionary (52), Grant - Formula/Block (7), Technical Assistance (10), Tax Credits/Deductions (1)
- Results Summary:** "Displaying 62 out of 248 Funding Opportunities" (circled in red).
- Table:**

PROGRAM NAME	PURPOSE	ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS	MAX AWARD	DEADLINE
Community Development Block Grants (CDBG)	To develop viable urban communities by providing decent housing, a suitable living environment, and expand economic opportunities for low- and moderate-income	CDBG funds may be used for activities that include, but are not limited to: acquisition of real property, relocation and demolition, rehabilitation of residential and non-residential	Varies by city and state	Annual Action Plans are typically due in May for next federal fiscal year

AFFORD's latest Compare & Share function allows you to more easily focus on programs of interest and efficiently share those with your team and other partners

SELECT BETWEEN 2 AND 4 OPPORTUNITIES

equipment or technology; and 3) developing qualified climate action plans.

Climate Pollution Reduction Grants (CPRG) - Implementation

To implement GHG reduction programs, policies, projects, and measures identified in a Priority Climate Action Plan (PCAP) developed under a CPRG planning grant.

Only entities that directly received a CPRG planning grant are eligible to apply for an implementation grant.

Compare

reducing harmful air pollution in people live, work, play, and go to

COMPARE SELECTED OPPORTUNITIES (3)

Climate Ready Workforce for Coastal States, Tribes, and Territories Competition

To assist communities in coastal and Great Lakes states and territories so they may form partnerships that train workers and place them into jobs that enhance climate resilience.

This opportunity is open to state, tribal, territorial and local governments, institutions of higher education, and non-profit organizations in coastal states or territories.

Compare

Community Change Grants Program

To support partnerships of community-based organizations (CBOs) to implement pollution reduction, workforce development, and community engagement projects.

Partnerships of two or more CBOs, or a CBO plus a local government, Federally-recognized Tribe, or higher education institution is eligible to apply.

Compare

[Back to Results](#)

[Share This Comparison](#)

Compare Programs

Climate Pollution Reduction Grants (CPRG) – Implementation

Purpose
To implement GHG reduction programs, policies, projects, and measures identified in a Priority Climate Action Plan (PCAP) developed under a CPRG planning grant.

Federal Agency
Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)

Deadline
April 1, 2024 (general); May 1, 2024 (Tribes and territories)

Funding Available
\$4,300,000,000 for general competition; \$300,000,000 for Tribes and territories

Eligibility Requirements
Only entities that directly received a CPRG planning grant are eligible to apply for an implementation grant.

Maximum Award Amount
\$500,000,000 for general competition; \$25,000,000 for Tribes and territories

Expected Allocations
115 for general competition; 100 for Tribes and territories

Average Award (Estimated)
\$37,400,000 for general competition; \$3,000,000 for Tribes and territories

Matching Funds
Not required

Climate Ready Workforce for Coastal States, Tribes, and Territories Competition

Purpose
To assist communities in coastal and Great Lakes states and territories so they may form partnerships that train workers and place them into jobs that enhance climate resilience.

Federal Agency
Department of Commerce

Deadline
November 30, 2023 (Letter of Intent); February 13, 2024 (Full Application)

Funding Available
\$50,000,000

Eligibility Requirements
This opportunity is open to state, tribal, territorial and local governments, institutions of higher education, and non-profit organizations in coastal states or territories.

Maximum Award Amount
\$10,000,000

Expected Allocations
10-20

Average Award (Estimated)
\$3,333,333

Matching Funds
Not required

Community Change Grants Program

Purpose
To support partnerships of community-based organizations (CBOs) to implement pollution reduction, workforce development, and community engagement projects.

Federal Agency
Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)

Deadline
NOFO expected in Fall 2023; applications will be open on a rolling basis for one year

Funding Available
\$2,000,000,000

Eligibility Requirements
Partnerships of two or more CBOs, or a CBO plus a local government, Federally-recognized Tribe, or higher education institution is eligible to apply.

Maximum Award Amount
\$3,000,000

Expected Allocations
TBA

Average Award (Estimated)
Mostly \$10-20 million, with some \$1-3 million grants for community engagement

Matching Funds
TBA

The Funding Guidance walks you through what you need to know and do to prepare effectively for federal opportunities

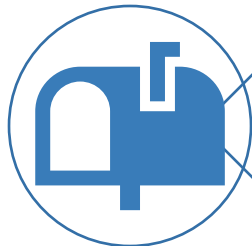
Funding Guidance			
Overview	Overview	Overview	Overview
Introduction	Introduction	Introduction	Introduction
Acknowledgments	Acknowledgments	Acknowledgments	Acknowledgments
Developing A Strategy ⊖	Developing A Strategy ⊕	Developing A Strategy ⊕	Developing A Strategy ⊕
Identify Funding for Your Priorities			
Prepare for Grant Applications			
Shortlist Programs of Interest			
Create a Project "Pitch" to Get Buy-In			
Develop an Outline for the Grant Application Before the Announcement			
What to Expect When You're Expecting (to Apply)			
Stacking & Leveraging Resources			
	Understanding Available Funding ⊖	Understanding Available Funding ⊕	Understanding Available Funding ⊕
	Types of Federal Assistance		
	Federal Funding Learning Series		
	Community Project Funding for Local Climate Action		
	Understanding Available Incentives ⊖	Understanding Available Incentives ⊖	Understanding Available Incentives ⊖
		Tax Credits for Renewable Energy	
		Direct Pay for Tax-Exempt Entities	
		Leveraging Energy Transition "Adders"	
		Prevailing Wage and Apprenticeship Requirements	
			Justice40 and Equity Considerations ⊖
			J40 Guidance by Agency
			Overall Principles for Energy Justice
			Clean Mobility and Transportation
			Building Electrification

Feedback welcome!

Your ideas, suggestions, and user experiences matter to us. Let us know what's working well and how we can enhance this further!



Reach out to Matthew Popkin at mpopkin@rmi.org or Alex Dane at alex.dane@wri.org



Send emails to cityrenewablesaccelerator@rmi.org

Spotlight on Near-Term Opportunities

The following 5 programs offer new and familiar mechanisms to advance local and community climate action

-
- Energy Efficiency and Conservation Block Grants
 - Renew America's Schools Program
 - Climate Pollution Reduction Grants
 - Low-Income Communities Bonus Credit Program
 - Low-Cost Capital Opportunities

The US DOE's Energy Efficiency & Conservation Block Grants Program (EECBG) is both familiar and increasingly flexible, with a wider list of eligible uses and a new technical assistance option

What It Is:

- Distributes formula funding to states, local governments, and tribes to implement strategies to reduce emissions and energy use
- Funds a wide array of efficiency retrofits, renewable energy installations, and innovative energy financing strategies

What's New:

- As an alternative to traditional grants, DOE will provide Local and Tribal governments with the option to apply for vouchers to receive technical assistance and/or equipment rebates
- Vouchers provide a streamlined application process with fewer administrative requirements and allow eligible recipients to take advantage of customized technical expertise or get reimbursed for eligible equipment

Important Dates:

- Full applications are due by April 30, 2024 (cities and towns that do not receive direct formula funding must apply to the state)

The US DOE's Renew America's Schools Program helps upgrade our energy infrastructure, with priority given to schools with renovation and repair needs

What It Is:

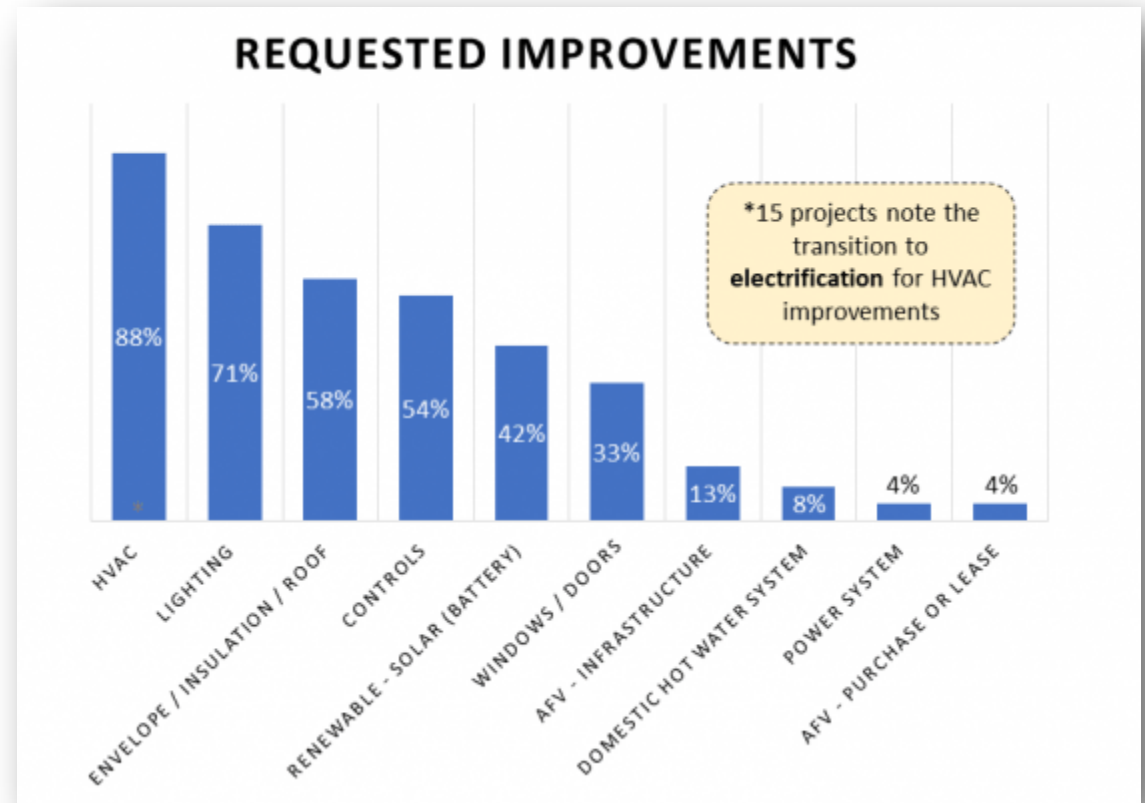
- New grant program to support nonprofit, for-profit, and community organizations making efficiency, renewable energy, or alternative fuel vehicle improvements

What's New:

- The program, which launched in 2022, has announced ~\$178M across 24 awards for its first round – an average award of ~\$7.5M

Important Dates:

- DOE anticipates releasing a second round of funding in Spring 2024



US EPA's Climate Pollution Reduction Grants offer a single opportunity to significantly advance equitable climate action

What It Is:

- Designed to implement ambitious measures that will achieve significant cumulative GHG reductions by 2030 and beyond and achieve substantial community benefits

What's New:

- EPA expects 115 awards for general competition and 100 awards for Tribes and territories, with an average award estimated at \$37,400,000 for the general competition and \$3,000,000 for Tribes and territories
- Any state, local government, tribe, or territory can apply for an implementation, but the application must align with the preliminary climate action plan created by a state or lead planning organization

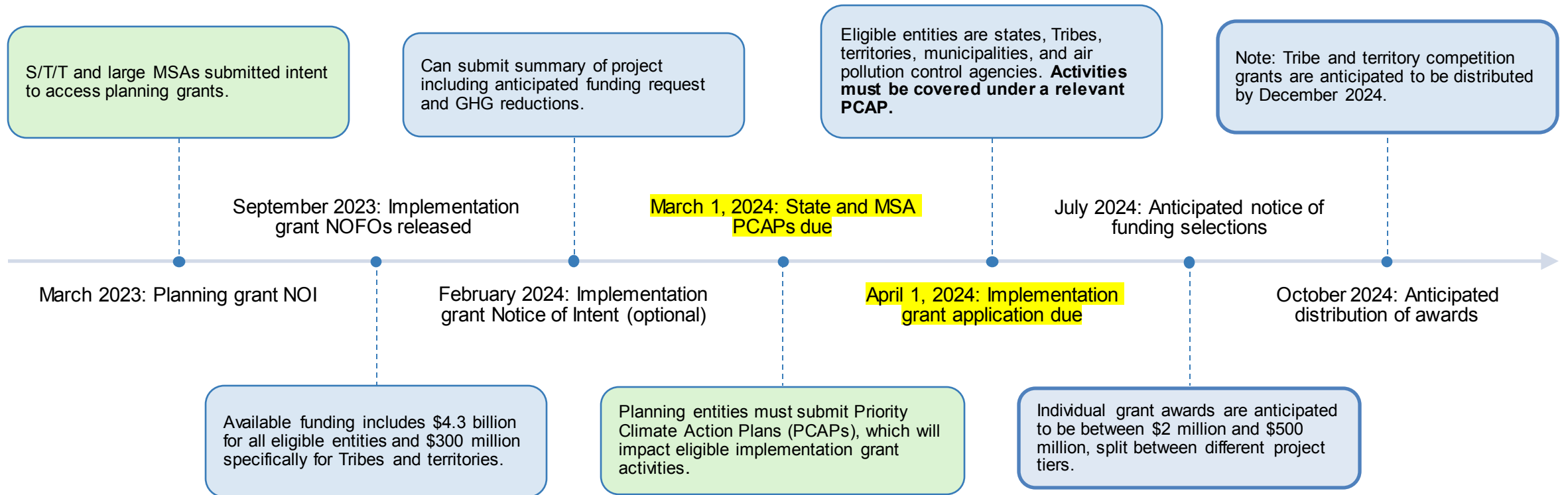
Important Dates:

- Full applications are due April 1, 2024 (general) and May 1, 2024 (Tribes and territories)



ALL of the \$4.6 billion reserved for implementation grants is planned to be distributed in one round

Engage now with your state and/or your MSA lead organization's Priority Climate Action Plan (PCAP) Process!



*Dates given for General Competition open to all eligible entities. Dates for Tribal and territories only competition are generally one month later.

*Green: part of planning grants process. Blue: part of implementation grants process

The first-ever Low-Income Communities Bonus Credit Program for renewable energy tax credits (48(e)) opened this fall

What It Is:

- Tax credit adder (10-20% of eligible capital costs) for up to 1.8 GW of total nameplate capacity of eligible wind and solar projects
- Program has further subdivisions based on category (see chart on right)

Important Dates:

- First application round is due November 18, 2023 to US DOE, who will determine allocations
- Applications submitted within the first 30 days (by November 18, 2023) will be treated as being made on the same date and time
- Transitions to rolling applications into early 2024

Category	Qualification	Capacity Allocation
1: Low-Income Community	Being sited within a “low-income” census tract as defined by the New Markets Tax Credit	700 MW
2: Tribes	Being sited on “Indian land”	200 MW
3: Covered Housing Program	Being associated with a building that is part of a covered housing program	200 MW
4: Economic Benefit Project	Distributing at least 50% of the benefits from the project to low-income households	700 MW

Identify Existing and Future Projects Eligible for IRA Incentives: New IRA Bonus Mapper Tool

IRA Eligibility Enhancements (beta)

[Overview of enhancements](#)

[return](#)

East Chicago, Indiana, United States

Energy Community[†]: **Yes**

Low Income Communities Bonus Credit Program[†]:

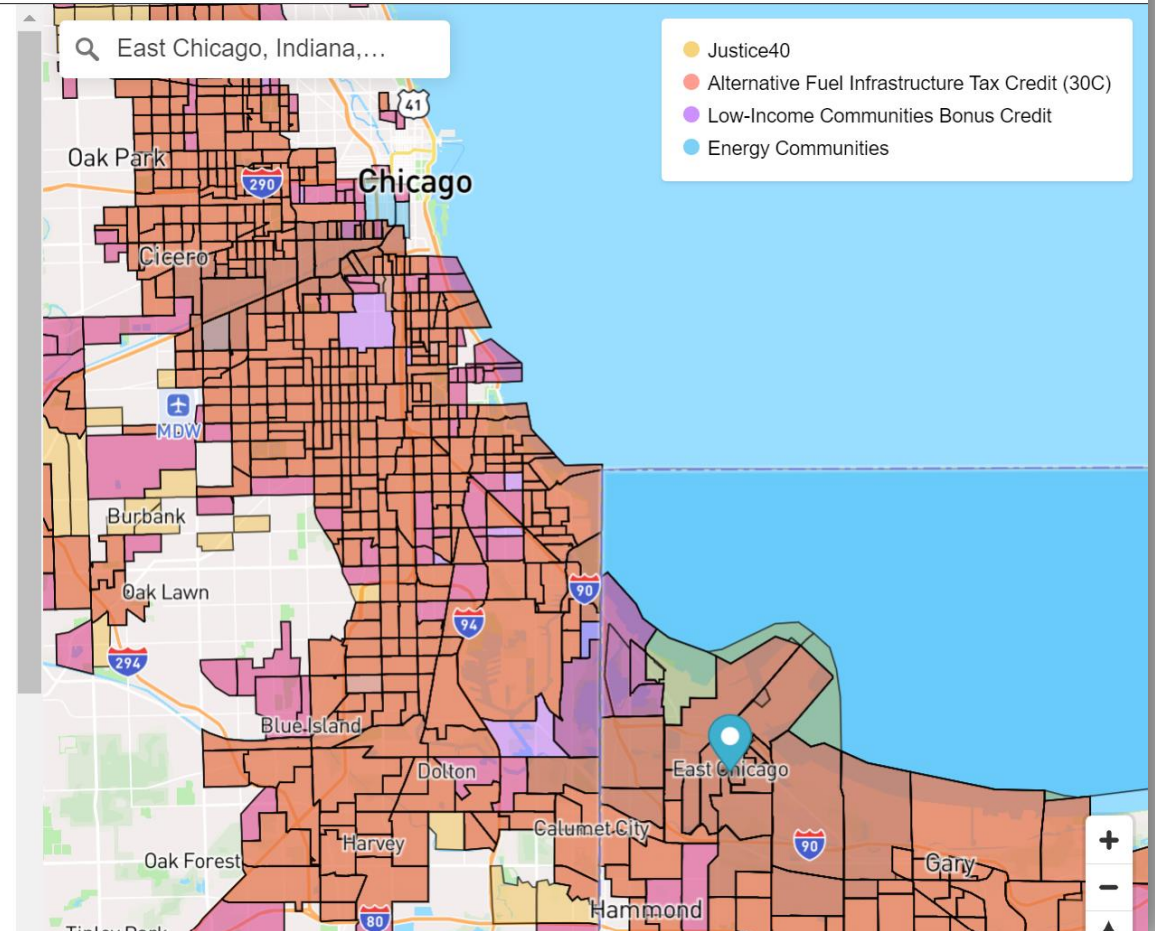
Yes

- Prioritized due to CEJST Energy Burden

Alternative Fuel Infrastructure Tax Credit[†]: **Yes**

Justice 40: **Yes**

- Identified as disadvantaged for Justice 40:
- ≥ 90th percentile for diabetes and is low income
- ≥ 90th percentile for asthma and is low income
- ≥ 90th percentile for households at or below 100% federal poverty level and has low HS attainment
- ≥ 90th percentile for low median household income as a percent of area median income and has low HS attainment
- ≥ 90th percentile for unemployment and has low HS attainment
- ≥ 90th percentile for energy burden
- ≥ 90th percentile for RMP proximity
- ≥ 90th percentile for NPL (superfund sites) proximity
- ≥ 90th percentile for proximity to hazardous waste sites
- ≥ 90th percentile for heart disease
- ≥ 90th percentile for low life expectancy
- Is low income (imputed and adjusted)
- ≥ 90th percentile for share of properties at risk of flood



A large amount of low-cost capital has already been released, but even more is coming soon through the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund

National Clean Investment Fund

- \$14 billion in grants to fund 2-3 national non-profit clean technology financiers
- Grantees will provide financial products and support pre-development expenditures for qualified projects

Solar For All

- \$7 billion in grants to eligible governmental entities and non-profits
- To expand distributed solar in low-income and disadvantaged communities across the U.S.

Clean Communities Investment Accelerator

- \$6 billion in grants to 2-7 hub nonprofits to deliver funding and technical assistance
- Designed to build the clean energy financing capacity of local community lenders in low-income and disadvantaged areas

Grant funding may seem preferred, but local governments have been using existing streams of low-cost capital – which has only expanded in additional financing programs

Clean Water State Revolving Fund:

- The program has been in place since 1988 and has a long history of funding a wide range of wastewater and conservation projects
- The Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act provided \$11.7 billion for the fund, as well as an additional \$1 billion to address emerging contaminants

Green and Resilient Retrofit Program:

- Introduced in Inflation Reduction Act, this HUD program is designed to improve HUD-assistance multifamily properties with the highest need for climate resilience and utility efficiency upgrades, regardless of prior development or environmental retrofit experience.
- \$1 billion in funding for direct loans and grants
- There are 4 application review periods, with 3 application deadlines remaining on November 30, 2023, February 28, 2024, and May 30, 2024

Questions to use as a gut check as you explore a range of funding and financing programs

Formula Funding

Will grant funds be used as a substitute or augmentation for projects planned to be funded via capital improvement funds or bonds?

Has the use of federal funds been intentionally considered?

Has thought been given to innovative and equitable use of funds?

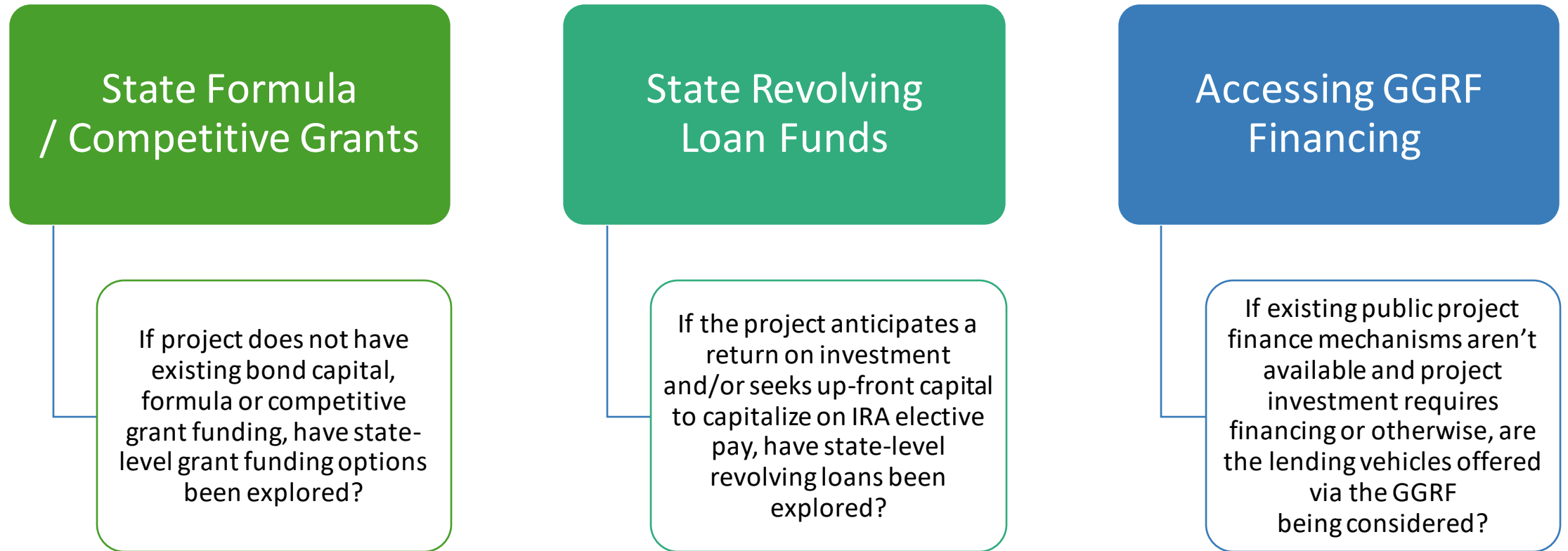
Are you funding a pre-existing project slated for funding already?

Competitive Funding

If formula grants and local funding isn't available for project, are competitive federal grants being pursued?

Is there staff capacity to pursue competitive federal funds to underwrite/fund priority projects?

Climate Finance Decision Tree: **Alternative Options**



Practical Guidance for Direct Pay



Inflation Reduction Act

“Direct Pay” for Tax Credits

Amy E. Turner

Cities Climate Law Initiative, Sabin Center for Climate Change Law
Sustainable Cities Fund

November 15, 2023

***Does not constitute legal advice**

IRA Tax Credits Uncapped → Value Unknown

04-22-23

The Inflation Reduction Act's \$391 billion could actually be far more—and that's a good thing

Key provisions of the law have no caps on spending, which means the actual outlay could be more, or less, than the figure we keep hearing.

FASTCOMPANY

Recently passed legislation may help fulfil that potential. Critical funding for this next energy revolution is expected to come from the IRA, which will provide an estimated **\$1.2 trillion of incentives by 2032** — creating the most supportive regulatory environment in clean tech history, according to Goldman Sachs Research.

**Goldman
Sachs**

The *Inflation Reduction Act of 2022* represents a historic, \$369 billion investment in the modernization of the American energy system. The U.S. Department of Energy's (DOE) preliminary assessment finds that this law—in combination with other enacted policies and past actions—will help drive 2030 economy-wide greenhouse



Direct Pay for Tax Incentives

17 **“SEC. 6417. ELECTIVE PAYMENT OF APPLICABLE CREDITS.**

18 “(a) *IN GENERAL.*—*In the case of an applicable entity*
19 *making an election (at such time and in such manner as*
20 *the Secretary may provide) under this section with respect*
21 *to any applicable credit determined with respect to such*
22 *entity, such entity shall be treated as making a payment*
23 *against the tax imposed by subtitle A (for the taxable year*
24 *with respect to which such credit was determined) equal to*
25 *the amount of such credit.*

Parties Eligible for Direct Pay

- Exempt organizations under Section 501 of the Tax Code
- States and local governments
 - Territories, agencies, instrumentalities
 - Municipally-owned utilities
- Indian tribal governments
- Alaska Native Corporations
- Tennessee Valley Authority
- Rural electric coops

BUT

NOT Eligible: partnerships,
taxpayers

Must own the asset

Nontaxpayers cannot use
transferability

Direct Pay: Mechanics



Registration

Register project for which tax credit will be claimed on a to-be-released online portal from the IRS

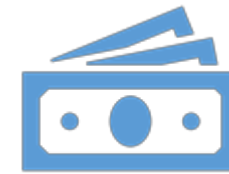
- Get unique registration number



IRS Filings

File tax return (Form 990-T) & Form 3800 with registration number and supporting documentation by tax deadline

- Due 4.5 months after end of taxable year (+6-month extension if requested)



Refund

IRS makes payment after review of tax filing

- Could be more than 1 year after project is placed into service/money is spent

Direct Pay: Bureaucratic Considerations

Collecting needed documentation

No ability to amend filing later for incorrect or missing credit claims

Cash payment comes *after* IRS reviews Form 990-T

Form 990-T is new to many municipalities; local governments don't file federal tax returns

Different teams in local government need to work together



Local govts only

Direct Pay: Benefits

Guaranteed money
for eligible projects

No competitive grant
application

Mostly uncapped

Often stackable with
grants and other
forms of financing

No extended reporting
(for most credits)

Available now

Tax Incentives Eligible for Direct Pay

Section 30C

Alternative fuel
refueling property

Section 45

Renewable electricity
production tax credit
(PTC)

Section 45Q

Carbon dioxide
sequestration credit

Section 45U

Zero-emission
nuclear power
production credit

Section 45V

Clean hydrogen
production credit

Section 45X

Advanced
manufacturing
production credit

Section 45Y

Clean electricity
production credit

Section 45Z

Clean fuel production
credit

Section 48

Energy investment
tax credit (ITC)

Section 48C

Qualifying advanced
energy project credit

Section 48E

Clean electricity
investment credit

Section 45W

Qualified commercial
vehicles

Tax Incentives Eligible for Direct Pay

Section 30C

Alternative fuel
refueling property

Section 45

Renewable electricity
production tax credit
(PTC)

Section 48

Energy investment tax
credit (ITC)

Section 45W

Qualified commercial
vehicles

Clean Energy Tax Credits: ITC & PTC

Investment Tax Credit (IRC sec. 48)	Production Tax Credit (IRC sec. 45)
<p><u>6 percent to 30 percent</u>* credit for wind and solar projects, and other forms of clean energy starting in 2025.</p>	<p><u>0.55 cent to 2.75 cent per kWh</u>* credit for wind and solar projects, and other forms of clean energy starting in 2025. Inflation adjusted.</p>
<p>Tax credit claimed for year project is placed in service</p>	<p>Tax credit is claimed each year for 10 years based on output</p>

* Based on meeting prevailing wage and apprenticeship requirements.

ITC & PTC Bonuses or “Adders”



5%-30% (ITC) and 0.55 cent to 2.75 cent (PTC) spreads based on meeting prevailing wage & apprenticeship requirements (projects <1 MW are exempt/get higher credit automatically)



2% to 10% increase for meeting domestic content requirements (plus, for tax-exempt entities, tax credit starts phasing down in 2024 if domestic content reqs not met)



2% to 10% increase for siting in an “energy community”



Low-income community bonus credit of 10%-20% (more limited – must apply) (ITC Only)

ITC vs. PTC: How to choose?

Economic factors

- Higher credit amount depends on energy market, project size, and more
- PTC often good for utility scale, but this is not universal

Administrative factors

- ITC is one-time; PTC involves 10 years of filings
- ITC offers more cost certainty

Can't make broad claims about which credit has a higher value in each instance

Clean Commercial Vehicle Credit (IRC s 45W)

Up to 30% tax credit for purchase of qualified clean commercial vehicle

- \$40,000 cap for vehicles larger than 14,000 pounds
- \$7,500 cap for vehicles smaller than 14,000 pounds
- Uncapped in the aggregate
- Can be combined with other programs (clean school buses, etc.)

Alternative Vehicle Fueling Credit (IRC s 30C)

6 to 30 percent credit for charging equipment for electric, hydrogen, or natural gas vehicles

- Cap of \$100,000
- Only for fueling infrastructure built in nonurban census tracts or low-income communities
- Prevailing wage & apprenticeship for 30% credit

Elective Pay – Moving Forward



Tax credits are available this year
(2023-2032)

Current projects are eligible



IRS guidance is not final, but we generally understand how claiming tax credits will work based on preliminary and draft guidance



Huge potential; credits are mostly uncapped and money is available now for state & local governments & agencies and nonprofits

Thank You!

Amy E. Turner

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COLUMBIA LAW SCHOOL

SABIN CENTER FOR CLIMATE CHANGE LAW

Questions & Discussion

Type directly in the Zoom Q&A

Near-term resources to keep you going!

Understanding the IRA

- [WRI - Catalyzing Local Clean Energy: A Roadmap for Maximizing Inflation Reduction Act Opportunities and Community Benefits](#)
- [USDN's Inflation Reduction Act Miniguide](#)
- [C40 Cities and Climate Mayors IRA Guidebook for Local Government Leaders](#)
- [RMI - 4 Ways the IRA Speeds the Shift to a Cleaner, More Affordable Energy Future](#)
- [WRI - Beyond Climate: 6 Big Benefits of the IRA](#)

Understanding Federal Funding Opportunities

- [AFFORD Tool \(Updated 10/05/2023\)](#)
- [Electrification Coalition EV Funding and Financing Guide](#)

Understanding Equity & Federal Funding

- [Renewables Accelerator Funding Guidance](#)
- [IRA Bonus Mapper \(Beta\)](#)
- [White House CEQ Justice40 Guidance](#)

THANK YOU FOR JOINING US FOR THIS LEARNING SERIES!

For more info, please contact:

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